Presentation #19.B

ADDITIONAL PROGRAM BENEFIT DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS

Monthly benefit maximum and benefit type flexibility

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QUALIFICATIONS, ASSUMPTIONS AND LIMITING CONDITIONS

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BENEFIT DESIGN CONSIDERATION: MONTHLY BENEFIT MAXIMUM



Task Force recommendation

Monthly benefit maximum ranging from \$1,500 and \$6,000, depending on Design



Additional benefit design consideration

Should monthly benefit maximums be removed, retaining only a lifetime maximum (i.e., allow individuals to use their entire \$36,000 to \$144,000 benefit, depending on Design, without monthly constraints)?

Potential choices

(Lifetime benefit maximums would still apply)

- [Status quo] Retain monthly benefit maximum (similar to private LTC insurance)¹
- [Alt 1] Remove monthly benefit maximum (similar to WA Cares Fund)
- [Alt 2] Remove monthly benefit maximum for select higher-cost services (e.g., home modifications) or care settings (e.g., facility care)

Potential implications of removing monthly benefit maximum

- Increases flexibility and may be more culturally competent
 - Empowers beneficiaries to optimize benefit usage based on individual circumstances
- Limits out-of-pocket costs for Program beneficiaries (until coverage is exhausted)
 - May increase Program accessibility if out-of-pocket costs hinder benefit usage
- · Beneficiaries may use benefits more quickly
 - Increases Program costs and may impact Medi-Cal costs as individuals may qualify for Medi-Cal sooner if they use Program benefits more quickly
 - May increase burden on beneficiaries to make cost-effective care choices
- Program (and administrative) costs may also increase due to higher potential for fraud, waste, and abuse
- May reduce complexity of Program coordination and interaction with Medi-Cal and private insurance by reducing likelihood of concurrent payments
- Providers may increase their rates in the absence of a monthly maximum
 - This may be mitigated by establishing standardized provider reimbursement rates

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^{1.} Costs in excess of the monthly benefit maximum would be out-of-pocket or covered by other programs (e.g., Medi-Cal, subject to eligibility criteria)

BENEFIT DESIGN CONSIDERATION: BENEFIT TYPE FLEXIBILITY



Task Force recommendation

Reimbursement benefits with a 50% cash benefit alternative for Designs 2, 4, and 5



Additional benefit design consideration

Should beneficiaries be permitted to switch between full reimbursement and 50% cash benefits on designs that include a cash alternative?

Potential choices

- [Alt 1] Do not allow beneficiaries to change their benefit type after their first claim
- [Alt 2] Allow beneficiaries to change their benefit types but establish guardrails (e.g., 2 switches max)
- [Alt 3] Allow beneficiaries to freely switch between benefit types

Potential implications of allowing beneficiaries to switch between benefit types

- Increases flexibility and may be more culturally competent
 - Beneficiaries' situation and care needs may change over time
- Increases administrative complexity and cost
 - Requires more complex tracking of participants benefit type election(s) and benefit usage over time
- May increase Program cost (due to increased flexibility)
 - Program cost savings associated with the 50% reduction in cash benefits would be reduced

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